DEFENDS THE RATE BILL

Senator Dolliver Predicts a Public Ownership Movement.

CROWDED SENATE HEARS SPEECH

Yows Senator Declares That the People Are Asking Why Some Men Make Hundreds of Millions, Even Overshadowing the Government-Upholds l'resident Roosevelt's Policy.

Washington, D. C.-Senator Dolliver, of lowa, the chief champion of the Hepburn Rate bill, spoke in defense and explanation of that measure for by his brother-in-law, Thomas Beettwo hours and ten minutes. It had been announced that he would reply to Senator Foraker, who opposed Government rate making in any form, but he did not go far in that direction.

Mr. Dolliver avoided court opnions and legal points. He spoke entirely from memory and did not employ technical phrases. He talked as a representative of the people, not as a constitutional lawyer, holding that it would be wise to pass the Hepburn bill so that the courts may pass on the validity of the principle involved. A decision either way as to the powers of Congress to delegate rate-making authority would be valuable to the people, he said.

Mr. Dolliver was greeted by even a greater audience than that which honored Senator Foraker. A large delegation of Representatives from the House side listened to the speech. Senator Foraker was not present. Senator Lodge was also absent. He is ill,

Mr. Dolliver referred to the fact that he had been charged with a tendency toward socialism, only to contradict it, saying that he did not desire to have the Government take charge of the business interests of the country. Yet, he asserted that "there is a storm brewing, and that the time is approaching when the citizens of the United States are going to make an inquiry into the right by which some men in a few years make hundreds of millions of dollars, rendering them capable of even overshadowing the National Government," and he predicted that if Congress did not agree upon a bill for the regulation of the railroads the country would be called upon to face the problem of Government ownership.

The Senator referred to the fact that Messrs, Foraker and Elkins had formerly introduced bills giving to the Interstate Commerce Commission the same powers conferred in the pending

"Instead of undermining the law the bill fortifies it," he said, and he declared that if the present law had been treated with the reverence and sanctity it deserved, the American people would have approached it in a different frame of mind than that which prevails. He recognized the fact that it had become fashionable to speak slightingly of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and he defended that body against such attacks. He expressed the opinion that if the lawyers had dealt as fairly with the commission as with the courts the result would have been better.

Mr. Dolliver declared that he did not expect a protracted vendetta between the railroads and the business community, believing that when the law was enacted it would be observed by carrier and shipper alike. He predicted that within five years there would be boards of arbitration in every traffic centre of the country, so that appeals to the commission would be the rule rather than the exception.

Taking up the rebate question, Mr. Dolliver said that he did not agree with either Mr. Foraker or Mr. Bacon that the secret practices have been abandoned. He did not believe the Elkins bill adequate for protection against these practices.

"The difficulty about rebates is not in punishing violations of the law," he said, "but in discovering them, and we have undertaken to amend the law so

as to cover that defect. Whether anyone believes anything say here," said Mr. Dolliver, "I would like my friends to acquit me of that most grievous offense of exploiting my prejudices, or those of anyone else. against the great property interests of the country. Not a line in this bill has been drawn in hostility to the American railway system, but it is the furtherance of a better understanding between the American people and that great system.

"There never was until yesterday, when Mr. Foraker spoke, a shadow upon our right to regulate interstate commerce," he went on. He spoke in praise of the President, "the most superb moral leader of the generation." As for himself he was prepared for sneers, "but," he said, "I stand in a position I did not seek, but, consulting my conscience as a citizen and my honor as a Senator, I can take no

Commenting upon Mr. Foraker's criticism that the Hepburn bill is unconstitutional, Mr. Dolliver entered upon line of argument to show that Mr. Foraker was mistaken, and that Con-

gress has the power to regulate rates. Mr. Dolliver replied to the criticism that he was manifesting a disposition loward democracy by denying it, and closed with another tribute to President Roosevelt, expressing the conviction hat "the people would ever treasure in grateful hearts his blunt platform of a square deal for every man."

The Longworths in Cuba. The arrival of Mr. and Mrs. Longworth at Havana, Cuba, was a scene of great enthusiasm, many prominent people going to welcome the bridal counte.

Against \$2 Coins.

Washington, D. C .- When Secretary Shaw of the Treasury Department appeared before the House Committee on Industrial Arts and Expositions he expressed his emphatic disapproval of the bill for the coinage of 1,000,000 two dollar silver pieces, upon which the Jamestown Exposition Company desires to realize \$300,000 profit. He said this means of raising money is deception, that it would be the sowing of dragon's teeth.

KILLS SISTER'S HUSBAND

Tragedy in Brook'yn, N. Y., House taused by a Leath-

of the Murderer's Sister Set For 10 O'clock, He Shoots His Brother-in-Law at 3.

New York City.-A man ran out of the flat house at 156 West Ninth street, Brooklyn, at \$.30 o'clock in the morning. Around the corner of Court street he went, into S. Chess' drug store, and behind him he left a red trail on the pavement. The man was Fritz Fennen, a bartender. He had been shot

man, a plumber. Fennen fell dead as he entered the drug store. Back in 156 Beetman put a bullet through his head and killed himself instantly. Mrs. Fennen, who had died of blood poisoning, lay in her coffin in the front room of the flat awaiting burial. The funeral had been set for 10 o'clock.

Fennen married Beetman's sister only three months ago. She had been sick a month before her death. One story had it that Beetman blamed the husband for not giving proper care to the wife, and that this lay at the botof the crime. But Beetman's brother told the police that the plumber was angry because Mr. and Mrs. Fennen had taken his furniture and had not paid him. The police think that brooding over his troubles led Beetman to the shooting.

Beetman and Fennen ate breakfast together. The dead woman's brother had come to the house on her account, and addressed few remarks to his brother-in-law. There was no quarrel. When Fennen rose from the table Beetman quietly pulled a .44-calibre revolver and fired at him four times. Two shots took effect.

The wounded man made a dash for the door, bound for his pharmacist friend, Chess, to seek aid. As he went Beetman turned the pistol on himself. The first shot went wild and shattered a mirror hanging on the wall. The second went through his head and

killed him instantly. Mrs Louise Lower, sister of Mrs. Fennen, and Mrs. Annie Larsen, a nurse, were sitting in the front room with the coffin. Hearing the first shots they ran into the dining room and narrowly escaped being hit by the flying

bullets. Policeman Mehaffy, of the Hamilton avenue station, was standing in Court street when Fennen ran out of the house. Hearing the man's cries and seeing the blood, Mehaffy ran toward him, but before he reached him Fennen was dead in the arms of the druggist. The floor of the little shop was soaked with blood.

In three minutes an ambulance had come, and the surgeon had pronounced bartender dead. Mehaffy telephoned to his station, and the Sergeant sent four men to the scene of the tragedy. Leaving the telephone, Mehaffy followed the trail of blood into 156 West Ninth street, and there found Beetman dead, and the two women in hysterics.

A year ago Reetman was employed by the India Wharf Brewery, near the foot of Hamilton avenue. He got to drinking and was discharged. Shortly afterward his wife died. Up to that time his sister had lived with him in a flat in Sixteenth street, Brooklyn, and after the death of Mrs. Beetman acted as housekeeper. Then Fennen married her and took her away. Beetman went to live in a furnished room at 25 Atlantic avenue,

The druggist, Chess, said that Mrs. Fennen had had plenty of medical assistance, and was in the care of a

The bodies of the dead men were gvien over to an undertaker. Mrs. Fennen's burial was postponed.

FATAL RIOT AT CHURCH.

French Gendarmes Fire on Mob at

Le Puy-Fifteen Wounded. Le Puy, France.-Serious disturb ances occurred at the taking of an inventory of a village church near Saugues. Department of Haute-Loire. A large crowd armed with sticks and stones surrounded the gendarmes, many of whom were beaten or pelted with heavy stones. The gendarmes, in order to extricate themselves, fired their revolvers, wounding fifteen men, two of whom were mortally hurt. The officer commanding the gendarmes and the Government commissioner were badly injured by the rioters. The gendarmes retired with difficulty.

REGIMENT'S QUICK TRIP.

Taken From Jersey City to 'Frisco III Six Days and a Half.

San Francisco.-All records for the movement of troops from the Atlantic Seaboard to this city were broken with the arrival of a Southern Pacific special train over the Sunset Route carrying the Eighth Regiment of the United,

States Army. The transfer was effected in six and one-half days, and had it not been for a delay of seventeen hours at Lordsburg and a stop over at Los Augeles of seven hours, the time occupied would have been but five and a half days.

Japan's Rice Shortage.

The Japanese-rice crop this year is nearly fourteen per cent, less than the average and twenty-five por cent. less than last year.

Judge Robert H. Little Dead.

President Judge Robert H. Little, of Columbia and Montour countles, Pa., died at Bloomsburg, Pa., from pneu-

First in Trade Growth.

Census Bureau reports show that, in the last five years, in Oklahoma, capital invested in manufacturing increased thirty-five per cent. and the value of the products 200 per cent. No other State or Territory shored such a large percentage.

Railway Earnings

Earnings of the railways for the month of January increased \$9,168,978, or 18.8 per cent., compared with the corresponding period last year.

Harry Tenny Expires in San Francisco Bath House After Fight.

NEIL'S BLOWS PROVE FATAL

Unfortunate Boxer Was Counted Out, But Referee Roche Failed to Hear the Timekeeper and Allowed the Fight to Continue-Mayor Schmitts ic Investigate.

San Francisco, Cal.-Harry Tenny, who was knocked out by Frankie

was revived an hour later and complained of pains in his head and stomach. He steadily grew worse until death ended his sufferings.

James Caffrath, "Eddie" Graney, Willis Britt, Morris Levy and Mark Shaughnessy, who officiated at the ring side. All are charged with manslaughter. They were later released in \$500

After making an autopsy Coroner Surgeon Cussack announced that the pugilist's death was due to cerebral hemorrhage, caused probably, by

blow. Mayor Schmitz declares he will investigate Tenny's death and, if negligence concerning the condition of the pugilist is shown, he will recommend to the Supervisors that no more permits be issued for prize fights in San

Some uneasiness was felt by promot ers, seconds and others connected with the contest when the condition of Tenny after the knockout was noted. He went down before Neil's hard left hand blows, falling near the centre of the ring. The timekeeper counted him out, but in the noise of the shouting Referee Roche did not hear the completion of the count, and when Tenny staggered to his feet allowed the fight to proceed.

A howl of derision greeted the referee's ruling, but it was soon ended, for Nell went at his opponent like a the ropes. Tenny's head sank on his chest and his arms dropped to his sides. In this position Tenny was litwas counted out by the referee. He was carried to his dressing room and later to a bath house. Mark Shaughnessy attended Tenny at the bath. The beaten pugilist complained of terrible pains in his stomach and head. At 4 o'clock in the morning he fell asleep and the physician left, saying all danger was over. At 7.30 o'clock Shaughnessy was awakened by a cry from Tenny. The pugilist's body was doubled up in agony, and a hurry call was sent in for the Central Emergency ambulance. Before it arrived Tenny

Recent Deaths From Ring Combats. John C. Peters, October 3, North Bergen, N. J.

Charles O'Regan, October 30, St John, N. B. Nathan Rosenberg, January 19, New

Y rk City. Alexander Dovin, February 5, San Francisco. Harry Tenny, February 28, San Francisco.

TORNADO AT MERIDIAN.

Business Section of Mississippi City Swept Into Ruin.

Meridian, Miss.-At 6.30 o'clock in the evening a tornado from the south struck Meridian, sweeping directly through the business centre of the town, and during the twenty minutes it spent in passing destroyed approximately \$5,000,000 in property.

It took the lives of perhaps thirteen white persons and twenty negroes. At midnight the town was in darkness, the telegraph wires were all down, and the only communication with the outside world was over the long-distance telephone to New Or-

leans and Mobile. Several fires started in the ruins, but the rain and the fire company together succeeded in quelling the flames.

The dead are: Mackey Slaughter, wife and daughter; Mrs. Singleton, Claude Williams, A. T. McInnis, a Mobile and Ohio conductor; William R. Nelson, City Marshal, and William Johnston.

Among the wounded are: Captain Charles Elmira, W. J. Woodside, T. H. Brown, Ernest Bennett, Frank Woodruff. Will Yarborough and A. C. Morri-

"AL" M'PHAIL GOES BLIND.

Stricken in Theatre He Causes Surprise by Lighting a Match.

Pittsburg, Pa.-While attending a local theatre, "Al" McPhail, of New York, one of the best known circus men in the country, suddenly became

to him. He was found in a state of collapse. A physician said that McPhail had

been stricken with apoplexy.

JAPAN TO BUY UP RAILWAYS. Will Pay Private Lines \$250,000,000 in Five Years.

Tokio, Japan.-The scheme for the nationalization of the private railroads has been modified so that the change is to be compulsory after five years. The cost will be \$250,000,000.

Mr. Kato, Minister of Foreign Affairs, dissents from the proposition and probably will resign. The passage of the bill by Parliament is cer-

HURRICANE CAUSES HAVOC

Society Islands, in the Facific Ocean, Swept by Storm.

Reported That Ten Thousand Have Perished-U. S. Consulate Wrecked.

San Francisco, Cal.-In a hurricane that swept the society Islands many lives were lost and the islands of Papeete, Tahiti and Tuamotu desolated, according to advices received here.

One report places the number of dead in Tahiti and adjacent islands as Neil, the bantam champion pugilist, in high as 10,000 and the property loss at the fourteenth round of a prize fight \$5,000,000, but this could not be conat Mechanics' Pavilion, died the next firmed by officers i the steamer Mariposa, which has arrived here from the Helpless and without strength to scene of the disaster. It is affirmed strike a blow, Tenny had been literally beyond doubt, however, that seventybeaten to the floor and was carried five buildings in the city of Papeete senseless to his dressing room. He alone were destroyed, and greater havoc was wrought in the suburbs. The building of the American consulate and French Government building collapsed and the English consulate was seriously damaged. It will re-Neil has been arrested, together with quire years to restore the islands to their former state of prosperity, and a general appeal for succor has been

Shortly before midnight the tempest began to rage, the centre of the storm apparently being over Tuamotu. It continued with unabated violence until 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the next. day. With the first onslaught buildings rocked and a few seconds afterward the air was full of roofs. The sea washed over many of the principal streets of Papeete until they were flooded to the depth of many feet.

When the quay along the water front gave way a flood rushed in, destroying the shipbuilding yards of Peterson, Brown & Benchahman, the lumber sheds of L. Martin and a stone cutting establishment of V. L. Rauox. Warehouses also were wrecked and crops and merchandise stored there are a total loss. The Oceanic Steamship Company's wharf was badly damaged, and among the other structures completely demolished were the customs house, bonded warehouse and shed, postoffice house, house of captain of the port, a clubhouse and the police headquarters.

The American Consulate, which is the oldest building in Papeete, withmorning, when it showed signs of givmadman and hammered him against ing away before the violence of the gale. In the absence of her son Mrs. Doty, aided by several missionaries, coolly supervised the removal of the erally beaten to the noor by Neil and archives, which were temporarily stored in the Latter Day Saints' mission house. Soon afterward the American building collapsed.

The village of Tarona was completely swept away. A settlement of several hundred Cook islanders. British subjects, was entirely destroyed, and one American named Seefeldt, who lived near by, battled for hours with the wave: before he was rescued. Many fine homes in Taumao were destroyed, including the \$15,000 mansion of Herman Menell, whose family fled through water up to their necks.

The heaviest loss of life, it is feared, occurred in the lagoons of the Tuamotu Islands, the guardian of the quarantine station being among those who perished. The schooner Papeete was submerged near Anaa, and the sailors had to be lashed to the vessel. All the Government buildings and dwelling houses and the Catholic church in Fanaran were washed away. All the important buildings on Motauta Island were destroyed. Throughout the path of the storm breadfruit, eocoanut, banana and plantain trees were blown down, and the result will be a tremendous hardship to the natives.

The French gunboat Zelee h. s gone to the Tuamotu Islands with supplies, and the British Consul has made an appeal to his Government for aid for British subjects. Governor Jullien has appealed to France for aid and the American colony is hopeful of assistance from the United States. The military barracks has been made a temporary re-

lief station. The islands Moorea, Huaheni, Raittia and Tohaa, of the Society group. sustair a damages to the extent of about \$100,000.

BANDIT KILLS FOUR.

Russian Bank Robber is Captured After Desperate Fighting.

Helsingfors, Finland.-The pursuit of the bandits who the other night entered the Russian State Bank here, killed the guardian and stole \$37,500, cost four more lives at Tammersfors, where two of the fugitives were caught. One of the bandits got possession of the Town Hall and held it for hours.

While Commissary of Police Balushin was examining the two captives one of them grabbed a revolver from the belt of the Chief of Police and with it killed Balushin. The bandit then dashed up stairs, where he barricaded himself in a room commanding the

stairs and lobby and the street oftside. Two policemen, who tried to pick off the desperado from a house opposite, were killed by the bandit, who was an excellent marksman. After all other resources had been exhausted the firemen were called out and poured a Thinking it was a freak of his imag- multaneously a picked band of police ination, he lighted a match and held and firemen stormed the stairs. One the flame before his eyes. His act at- of the assailing party was killed and tracted the attention of the audience nine were wounded before the bandit, and the players, and an usher hurried who fought desperately with a big

knife, could be overpowered. The robber, who is a Dorpat blacksmith, boasted of membership in the Baltic revolutionary committee.

Minister Morgan at Havana. Minister Morgan presented his credentials to President Palma at Havana and received a hearty welcome from the Cuban Government.

American Missionaries Safe. The fourteen American missionaries who fled from Nan-Chang, China, reached Kiu-Kiang in safety.

Czar Objects to Severity. The Russian Emperor rejected measures providing more severe methods. of checking disorder in the empire.

WORK OF CO NGRESS

What is Being Done Day by Day By the National House and Senate.

To Mark Confederate Graves.

The House passed the army appropriation bill, also the Foraker bill providing for the marking of the graves of Confederate dead, buried in the North.

Dolliver Speaks for Rate Bill.

The discussion of the railroad rate question in the Senate was continued by Mr. Dolliver, who spoke in support of the Dolliver-Hepburn bill. He said that the bill was intended merely to supplement the existing inter-State commerce law and contended for its validity from a constitutional point of view, predicting that government ownership of the railroads would be forced upon the country if Congress did not meet the present demand for regulation ..

Mr. Dolliver was not questioned and when he concluded the remainder of the day was devoted to the bill providing for the settlement of the affairs of the five civilized tribes of Indians after the termination of their tribal relations.

Mr. Dolliver in his speech said he did not agree with either Mr. Loraker or Mr. Bacon that the secret practices have been abandoned. He did not believe the Elkins bill adequate for protection against these practices. "The difficulty about rebates is not in punishing voilations of the law," he said, "but in discovering them and we have undertaken to amend the law so as to cover that defect."

Returning to the question of appeals, Mr. Dolliver said that the power the commission would exercise in in preventing recourse to courts was about as great as the power of "my freinds who are tiptoeing about this chamber talking of the 'day in court.' '

Mr. Dolliver referred to the recent magazine article by ex-Secretary stood the storm until 8 o'clock in the Olney and said that he was the man upon whose advice President Cleveland had sent an army to Chicago "in the face of the protests of panie stricken mayors and screaming governors."

There was a perceptible stir in the Senate when Mr. Dolliver referred to one investigator "who had to unload his railroad securities to give him the spiratual preparation for the work." By Unanimous Consent.

Legislation by unanimous consent and under suspension of the rules occupied the attention of the House and resulted in the passage of several bills, some of considerable importance. The adoption of a resolution of inquiry as to whether any criminal prosecutions have been begun against individuals in the Northern Securities Company furnished the text for a speech of criticism by Mr. Williams, the Democratic leader. Brief answers were made by Mr. Jenkins, of Wisconsin, and Mr. Grosverenor, of Ohio. Mr. Jenkins said that the statute of limitations had run against any action that might be taken in this case and that any effort at prosecution would be useless.

Maj. Livingston Mims Dead.

Atlanta, Ga., Special.-Major Livingston Mims, former mayor of Atlanta, and one of the most, widely known men in Georgia, died at his residence here Monday, after a brief illness, aged 85 years. Major Mims a native of South Carolina, moved in his early manhood to Mississippi where he became identified with the interests of that State before the civil war. When war was declared, he joined the ranks and served until peace came.

Tramp Crushed Between Bumper.

Fayetteville, Special - A white man was found dead with one leg cut off, Thursday morning on the track of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, near Luray station, four miles north of this city. He is unknown and there is nothing on his person to identify him. He had on workman's overalls and is supposed to have been a tramp stealing a ride.

Miss Busch Weds.

Pasadena, Cal., Special.-Mill Wilhelmina Busche, daughter of Adolphus Busch of St. Lewis, and Lieut Edward A. Scharrer of Stuttgert, Germany, an officer of the German army, were married at the Church of the Angels, just outside of this city. Rev. T. E .Runkle, rector of the church, performed the marriage ceremony, according to the Episcopal service, and Rt. Rev. Joseph H. Johnson, bishop of Los Angeles ,blessed the couple. Later Lieut. Scherrer and his bride will leave for the East in a private car.

Aske \$30,000 Damages.

Asheville, Special.-Mrs. Sarah E Dermid, mother and administratrix of the late conductor C. C. Dermid, of the Asheville division of the Southern Railway Company, has instituted suit in Superior Court against the Southof \$30,000. D. W. Newell, of the ed near Waynesville January 16, 1906. there at that time of day.

NINETEEN INJURED IN WRECK

Cars Turned Over and Went Down Embankment

BROKEN RAIL THE DIRECT CAUSE

Two Coaches of Passenger Train on Asheboro Division of Southern Plunge Over High Embankment and Only One of 20 Passengers Escapes Entirely Unhurt.

High Point, N. C., Special.-Monday morning shortly after 9 o'clock a serious wreck occurred on the Ashboro division of the Southern Railway eight miles from High Point and a mile this side of Glenola. The wreck was caused by a broken fishplate which broke a rail. The accident occurred on a steep curve. Two passenger coaches, containing about 20 passengers, and one box car went down a high embankment, falling across a ditch.

The only passengers completely escaping injury were Misses Exic and Oliver, of Thomasville. Mr. Waddell, of Grand Rapids, Mich., held on to the top side of the car as it went down and suffered only slight injury. Capt. Eck Burns, of Asheboro, and J. E. Williamson, of Worthville, two of the most seriously injured, were carried to their homes. The other injured were brought here and taken to the Junior Order Hospital. Nearly all the physicians of the city, together with a number of newspaper men and citizens, went to the scene of the wreck. The wreck presented a horrible sight and it is miraculous that none were killed.

The corrected list of the wounded is as follows: Conductor Eck Burns, of Asheboro,

seriously injured on head and in E. L. Rudd, Winston serious wound on side of head and bruised on body. F. B. Dandridge, Baltimore, ser-

iously injured about head and back; hand hurt. Sheriff T. J. Finch, Asheboro, leg and back sprained.

F. O. Walton, Charlotte, slight cut

J. E. Williamson, Worthville, slight cut on head and bruised. A. J. Smith, Chattanooga, Tenn.,

bruised and cut. W. P. Ragan, High Point, cut on head and knee injured.

H. M. Stewart, Charlotte, cut on head and leg injured. W. G. Poindexter, Winston, cut and

A. H. Whitehall. Thomasville, cut and bruised. A. J. and Luther Burrows, Troy,

slightly hurt. Oscar Deddick, Greensboro, cut and

W. C. Jones, Greensboro, cut and James Waddell, Grand Rapids, Mich., slightly hurt.

H. L. Adams, of Charlotte, traveling freight agent Southern Railway, cut and bruised. Z. W. Stout, High Point, cut on

head, back and chest. Mr. Deal, Winston, back wrenched and leg hurt. John Davis, Philadelphia, back

wrenched and slightly bruised. Out of the 20 or more passengers, practically all got hurt except Miss Olive, of Thomasville. However, her sister sustained a slight cut on the hand. These were the only two lady passengers then on the train.

Mr. W. Gould Brokaw and party, numbering 15, had just gotten off at Frazier's Siding, a mile above, to go to Mr. Brokaw's palatial country home, Fairview.

The Trial of Hasty.

Gaffney, Special.-The trial of Geo. Hasty for murder began last week in the regular term of court here. The testimony was concluded on Saturday and one speech for the State and one for the defendant was made. This is a notable case and large crowds have been in attendance. On Monday the pleading was finished and the case went to the jury.

Solicited Fund From Clerks.

Tampa, Fla., Special.-Civil service Inspector Donnell, of Atlanta, has since Friday been investigating charges that a recent appointee of the new postmaster at Tampa had violated the civil service law by soliciting from the employes of the postoffice contributions to the Republican campaign fund during the last presidential election. The inspector has had nearly all the employes of the office before him. Inspector Donnell has formulated his report for transmission to the civil service commission at Washington.

Longworths North-Bound Via Southern Railway.

Jacksonville, Fla., Special .- Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth passed through Jacksonville Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. They did not leave thoir car which was shifted from 14 Atern, demanding damages in the sum lantic Coast Line to the Southern, and left within a half hour of the Asheville division is made a party to time of arrival. There was no crowd the suit. Conductor Dermid was kill- at the station beyond that usually